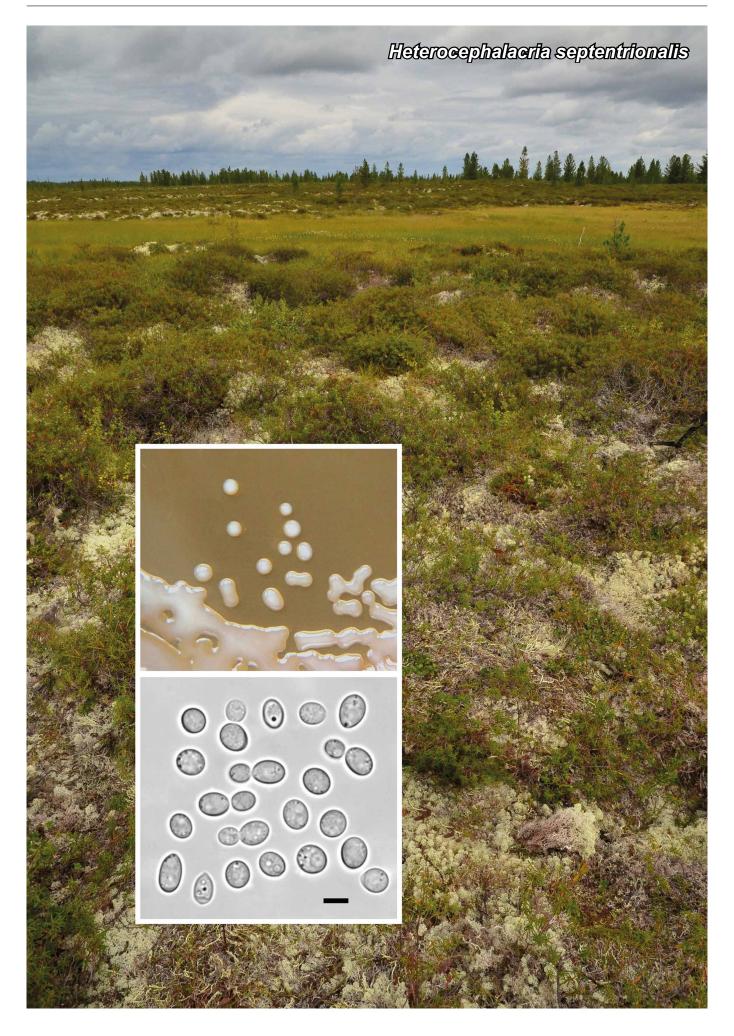
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Heterocephalacria septentrionalis Kachalkin, M.A. Tomashevskaya & T.A. Pankratov, *sp. nov.*

Etymology. The epithet refers to the species distribution in the northern regions of Russia.

Classification — Filobasidiaceae, Filobasidiales, Tremellomycetes.

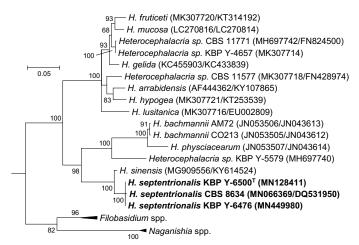
On glucose peptone yeast extract agar (GPYA) and 5 % malt extract agar (MEA), after 7 d at 20 °C, streak is cream-coloured, shiny and mucoid, with an entire margin, and flat profile. After a month, the colour of the streak is pinkish cinnamon. Cells are globose, ovoid to ellipsoid, 4-7 × 2.5-4 µm, occur singly or in pairs, dividing by polar and multilateral budding. Sexual structures, pseudohyphae, true hyphae and ballistoconidia have not been observed during 4 wk at 10 and 20 °C in culture (pure cultures and in mating test) grown on GPYA, MEA, potato dextrose agar (PDA), yeast nitrogen base with 0.5 % glucose (YNB) agar and cornmeal agar. Glucose is not fermented. Glucose, galactose, sucrose, maltose, cellobiose, trehalose, lactose, melibiose, raffinose, melezitose, soluble starch (variable and weak), D-xylose, L-arabinose, D-arabinose, D-ribose, L-rhamnose, D-glucosamine (variable and weak), ethanol (weak), glycerol (weak), ribitol (weak), galactitol, D-mannitol, D-glucitol, methyl alpha-D-glucoside, salicin, D-gluconate, succinic acid, citric acid, 2-keto-D-gluconate, myo-inositol and arbutin are assimilated; no growth occurs on L-sorbose, inulin, erythritol, DL-lactic acid, methanol. Nitrogen compounds: ammonium sulfate, potassium nitrate, L-lysine (variable), D-glucosamine (variable), cadaverine (variable), creatinine (variable), creatine (variable) are assimilated, and no growth occurs on ethylamine. Growth on vitamin-free medium is variable. Growth on MEA with 10 % NaCl and on 50 % w/w glucose / yeast extract (0.5 %) agar is negative. Growth with 0.01 % and 0.1 $\,\%$ cycloheximide is variable. Starch-like compounds are produced. Diazonium blue B colour and urease reactions are positive. Maximum growth temperature is 22-24 °C.

Typus. Russia, Nadym, as endophyte from Cladonia rangiferina (Cladoniaceae), July 2017, T.A. Pankratov & A.V. Kachalkin, 1126v (holotype KBP Y-6500 preserved in a metabolically inactive state, ex-type cultures VKM Y-3042 = DSM 110122 = CBS 16173; SSU, ITS-D1/D2 domains of LSU nrDNA, TEF1 and RPB1 sequences GenBank MN449978, MN128411, LR702004 and LR702006, MycoBank MB833504).

Additional materials examined. Russia, Nadym, as endophyte from C. stellaris, July 2017, T.A. Pankratov & A.V. Kachalkin, KBP Y-6476; ITS-D1/D2 domains of LSU nrDNA and TEF1 sequences GenBank MN449980 and LR702005; Kandalaksha, from Empetrum nigrum, Sept. 1994, I.P. Bab'eva & I.S. Reshetova, KBP Y-3610 = CBS 8634; SSU, ITS and D1/D2 domains of LSU nrDNA sequences GenBank MN066371, MN066372 and DQ531950.

Colour illustrations. Russia, Nadym, forest-tundra zone of the Yamal Peninsula (photo provided by G.V. Matyshak). Heterocephalacria septentrionalis KBP Y-6500: growth of yeast colonies on MEA, yeast cells on MEA (after 7 d at 20 °C). Scale bar = 5 μm .

Notes — Analysis of the ITS-D1/D2 regions of the surveyed yeasts suggested that they were conspecific (2 subst. between strains from Nadym and Kandalaksha) and represented a hitherto undescribed species of Heterocephalacria. The genus Heterocephalacria comprises three sexual mycoparasites of lichens (H. bachmannii and H. physciacearum) and mushrooms (H. solida), and several asexual species of yeasts (Kachalkin et al. 2019, Kunthiphun et al. 2019, Li et al. 2019). Two new yeast strains were isolated as a minor component from Cladonia lichens whose thallus did not have basidioma-like structures. Although no sexual morph was discovered for new species, its mycoparasitic lifestyle cannot be excluded. Based on the NCBI GenBank database, the best hit using the ITS and **LSU** sequences is *H. sinensis* CBS 15417[™] (**ITS** – GenBank MG909556; 96.21 % similar, 18 subst. and 3 gaps, LSU - Gen-Bank KY614524; 98.01 % similar, 9 subst. and 2 gaps), using SSU it is H. bachmannii AM72 (GenBank JN043559; 99.34 % similar, 10 subst. and 1 gap), using TEF1 and RPB1 the number of nucleotide substitutions was considerable - without hits with Heterocephalacria. In compliance with a recent phylogenetic analysis of the genus (Kachalkin et al. 2019), the placement of the new species is demonstrated using the combined ITS and LSU rDNA phylogeny. Heterocephalacria septentrionalis can be differentiated from H. sinensis based on its ability to assimilate galactose, maltose, trehalose, melezitose, L-rhamnose, glycerol, D-mannitol, D-glucitol, citric acid, and negative growth on L-sorbose.



Maximum likelihood (ML) tree obtained from the combined analysis of ITS and LSU sequence data. Bootstrap support values above 55 % are shown at the nodes. The alignment included 980 bp and was performed with MAFFT v. 7 (Katoh et al. 2019). The General Time Reversible model (GTR) with Gamma distribution and invariant sites (G+I) was used as the best nucleotide substitution model. Phylogenetic analysis was conducted in MEGA v. 6 (Tamura et al. 2013). Bullera alba (AF444368/AF075500) was used as outgroup (hidden).

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